



DT: Hand/Glove Puppets



Knowledge

Knowledge and skills
Enhances and
empowers
You to
Succeed

Cronton CE Primary School

Keys to
Success

Autumn



Vocabulary

Puppetry is a form of theatre or performance that involves the manipulation of puppets.

Puppets are animated or manipulated by a human called a puppeteer, for a puppet production. The script is called a puppet play.

Puppetry as an art form is believed to be more than 3000 years old. It is sometimes claimed that puppets were used in the theatre even before human actors were used. Puppetry was used in ancient Greece.

Puppets were also used in many cultures ceremonies - not for fun and entertainment which is their main use today.

Puppeteers use hands and arms to control devices such as rods or strings to move the body, head, limbs, and in some cases the mouth and eyes of the puppet. The puppeteer sometimes speaks in the voice of the character of the puppet, while at other times they perform to a recorded soundtrack.

Sewing:

Sewing is used to join pieces of fabric together securely. It is used in clothes and many different products: toys, car seats etc.

There are different types of sewing stitches for different purposes as some are stronger than others.



The World Of Puppets



Technical Vocabulary

Puppets: often a human or animal figure, animated or manipulated by a human - the Puppeteer.

Puppet Production: a performance/play using puppets.

Puppet Play: a script for a puppet production.

Finger puppets: tiny puppets that fit onto a single finger.

Sock puppets, which are formed from a sock and operated by inserting one's hand inside the sock, with the opening and closing of the hand simulating the movement of its "mouth".

Hand or glove puppet controlled by one hand inside, which moves the puppet around.

Sewing Vocabulary

Fabric: cloth made by weaving/knitting textile fibres.

Needle: a fine slender piece of polished metal with a point at one end and a hole or eye for thread at the other.

Thread: a long, thin strand of cotton, nylon, or other fibres used in sewing or weaving.

Pattern: a paper shape placed over material as a guide for the cutting out.

Seam allowance: extra material that allows for a seam to be sewn away from the edge of the fabric - used if turning the material right way out after it is sewn.

Running Stitch: a simple needlework stitch consisting of a line of small even stitches which run back and forth through the cloth without overlapping.

Over stitch: a stitch where you loop the thread over the fabric edge and pass the needle through it. The needle should pass through the fabric from back to front, moving a tiny bit to the side of the first stitch you made.