



Romans came from **Rome**.

Rome a city in the centre of the country of Italy.

Key events

55 BC - Julius Caesar tried to invade Britain for the first time

54 BC - Julius Caesar invaded Britain again but was defeated by the **Celts** (collection of tribes)

43 AD - successful Roman invasion of Britain lead by The Emperor Claudius

60 AD - Boudicca lead a **rebellion** (armed resistance) against the Romans. The Roman army was smaller, but they were better trained, so they defeated the rebellion.

122 AD - Emperor Hadrian began building Hadrian's Wall to protect the Roman lands in England

410 AD - the Roman army left Britain

476 AD - the Roman Empire collapses

The Romans legacy

The Romans had a massive impact on Britain - these are some of things brought to us by Romans

- Roman numerals,
- Straight roads all across Britain
- Cities like Chester, Bath and London,
- Words like 'exit', 'pedestrian' all come from Latin.
- Writing - there was no writing in Britain before the Romans came,
- Calendar,
- Aqueducts

Hadrian's Wall (a stone barrier) was built by the Emperor Hadrian to protect the Roman areas of Britain against the **Picts** tribes in Scotland.



Celtic Tribes tried to fight against the Romans but only the Picts were able to stop the Romans, and Scotland never became part of the Roman Empire

Roman Empire - An empire ruled by the Romans

Romanisation of Britain - The process of becoming Roman by taking on the Roman language (Latin) and Roman **culture** (way of life)

Emperor - A person who rules an empire

Invade / invasion - Enter a country to occupy it

Legacy - Something we inherit from the past generations and pass on to future generations

Aqueduct - Bridge for water


Era/ Period - a distinct time in history

Mosaic - a picture or pattern produced by arranging together small pieces of stone, tile, glass

Ruler - A person who governs or rules a country

The Romans believed in lots of gods.

They took most of the Greek gods and gave them Roman names.

<p>Apollo</p>  <p>God of the sun and music</p>	<p>Diana</p>  <p>Goddess of the moon and hunting</p>	<p>Jupiter</p>  <p>God of the sky and most important god</p>	<p>Mars</p>  <p>God of war</p>
<p>Mercury</p>  <p>Messenger of the gods and god of trade</p>	<p>Minerva</p>  <p>Goddess of wisdom</p>	<p>Neptune</p>  <p>God of the sea</p>	<p>Venus</p>  <p>Goddess of love and beauty</p>

Roman **villas** were large houses. These had many rooms, some with beautifully painted walls, **mosaic** floors and even had central heating.

